

Thesis Topics & Projects 2023 Biomech@DEIB CBLab and C3DLab

CBLab and C3DLab Computational modeling at the continuum length-scale

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The Laboratories

Computational Biomechanics Lab (CBLab AKA The Cube) Building 21, 4th floor



3D and Computer Simulation Laboratory IRCCS Policlinico San Donato



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The Team



















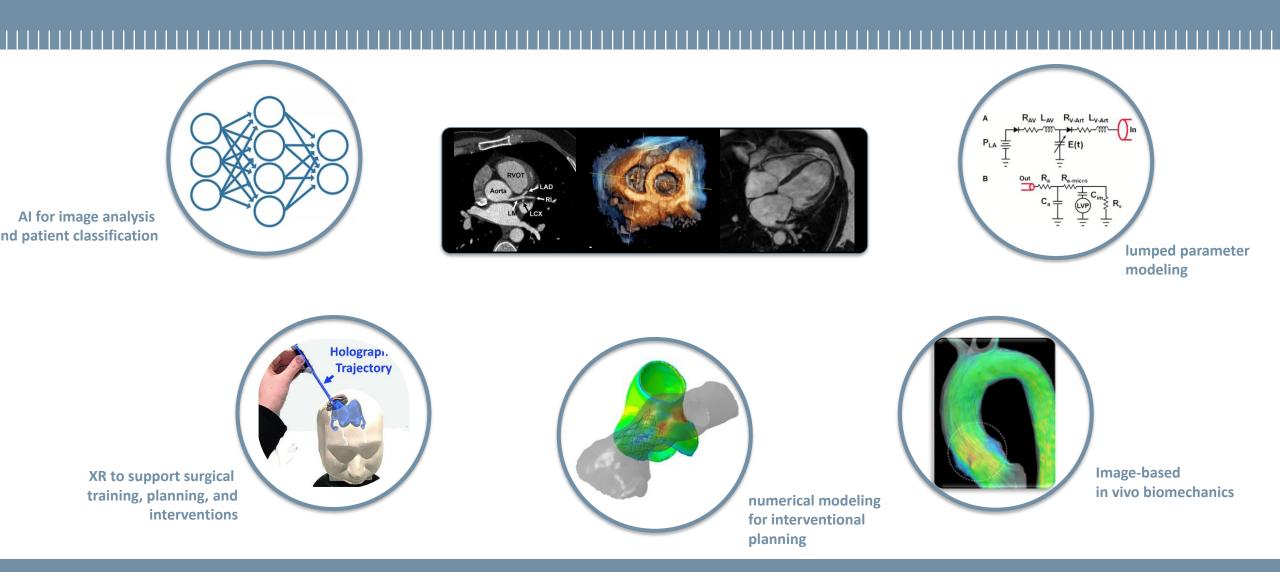






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Technologies, Techniques, and Applications



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Who works on what

Finite Element Modeling for Structural Mechanics







Computational in vivo fluid dynamics (4Dflow)





Computational Fluid Dynamics and FSI modeling







Artificial Intelligence



Augmented Reality







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Different Projects with Different Levels of Novelty

To the Edge



- Previously developed approaches substantially improved or extended
- Safe exploration of new methods (a backup solution is already available)

And Beyond



- Development of brand-new approaches
- Rather intensive coding
- Deeper involvement of tutors

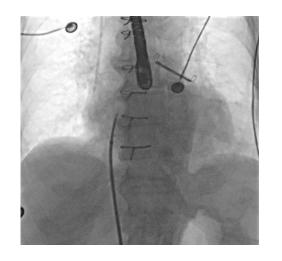
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Developing a fluoroscopy simulator to train operators on fluoroscopic guidance durin percutaneous cardiac procedures





augmedics.com

Starting point

Physical phantom of blood vessels complemented by high-speed cameras and image-processin software to transform camera acquisitions into fluoroscopy-like images

Activities

- designing, building and testing an actuator to change camera positions and simulate the use of a C-arm
- improving the image-processing algorithm
- rendering fluoroscopy-like imaging via augmented reality
- running a preliminary experimental campaign to assess the impact of AR visualization on trainees ergonomy and performance

Background:

Quintieri and Catapano, Master Thesis. Sviluppo di un simulatore per il training in procedure transcatetere sotto guida fluoroscopica simulata. 2020.

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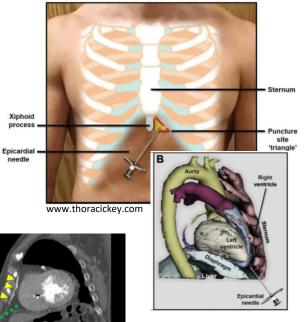
Epicardial puncture – pre-procedural planning tool



Development of a planning tool for percutaneous epicardial access through subxiphoid puncture based on 4D CT datasets

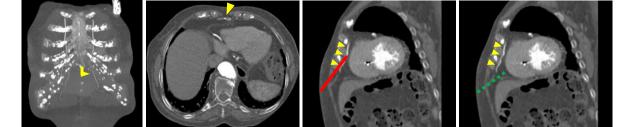
Activities

• Designing and implementing aPython-based software to identify a safe access trajectory while accounting for heart motion



Collaborations







Van den Bosch et al. Augmented Reality-Assisted CT-Guided Puncture: A Phantom Study. Cardiovasc Intervent Radiol 45, 1173–1177 (2022). https://doi.org/10.1007/s00270-022-03195-y

Contacts: <u>Veronica Ruozzi</u>

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Al-based automated workflow for TPVI planning in the native RVOT from 4D CT imaging



Contacts

-gated CT

Developing a user-friendly tool to support the planning of transcatheter pulmonary year implantation (TPVI) based on pre-op time-resolved 4D (3D + time) CT scans

Activities

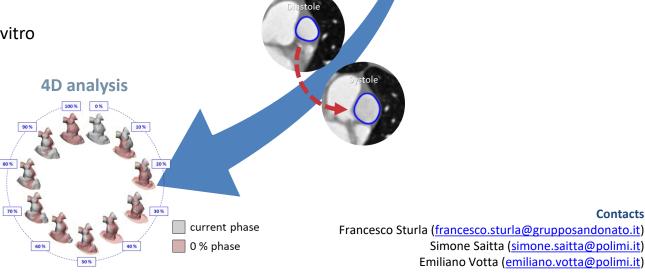
- Defining the workflow to be implemented
- Implementing and training a deep convolutional neural network (CNN) for the automated segmentation of the relevant anatomical site
- Testing the implemented CNN against a gold standard
- Preliminarily validating the implemented software through, e.g., in vitro experiments on 3D-printed pulsatile models tested under CT.

Collaborations



Background

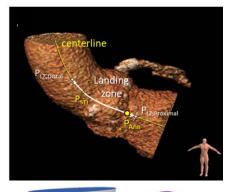
- Han et al. (J Cardiovasc Comput Tomogr, 2023)
- Pluchinotta et al. (Int J Cardiol, 2020)
- Saitta et al (Comput Biol Med, 2023) 3.

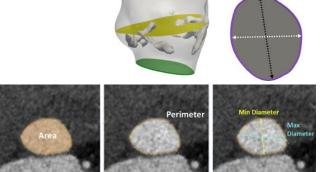


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Improving and engineering an AI-based automated workflow for TAVI planning







Ø

To improve and optimize an AI-based automated workflow for planning transcatheter aortic valve implantation (TAVI) in patients with severe aortic valve stenosis from preoperative computed tomography (CT).

Activities

 Extending and automating the pool of variables provided by the platform and relevant for TAVI planning, in accordance with current clinical guidelines.

• Developing an alpha release of the pre-operative platform for testing in a real clinical setting by final users (i.e., cardiologists)

Collaborations



Background

- 1. <u>Saitta et al.</u> (Comput Biol Med, 2023)
- 2. <u>Elattar et al.</u> (Int J Cardiovasc Imaging, 2016)
- 3. Blanke et al (J Am Coll Cardiol Img, 2019)

Contacts Francesco Sturla (<u>francesco.sturla@grupposandonato.it</u>) Simone Saitta (<u>simone.saitta@polimi.it</u>) Emiliano Votta (<u>emiliano.votta@polimi.it</u>)

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Computational analysis of the effect of aortic arch morphology on cardiogenic embolic transport to the brain



Primary aims

- To simulate patient-specific sovraortic fluid dynamics extracting model geometry and hemodynamic conditions from in vive tomography (CT) and cardiovascular magnetic resonance (CMR) 4D Flow, respectively. 501
- To develop a 1-way framework for aortic blood flow particle transport and tracking, e.g., based on the modified May
- To compare different types of aortic arch anatomies (Type I, II and III) in terms of the cardiogenic embolic predilection

Project in collaboration with the Department of Biomechanical Engineering at TU Delft (Delft, The Netherlands).

Possible experience @TUDelft during the thesis project.

Background:

- 1. Marrocco-Trischitta et al. (2022)
- Carr et al. (Am J Physiol Heart Circ Physiol, 2013)
- 3. Mukherjee et al (J Biomech Eng, 2016)

Francesco Sturla (francesco.sturla@grupposandonato.it) **Contacts:** Simone Saitta (simone.saitta@polimi.it) Selene Pirola (s.pirola@tudelft.nl) Emiliano Votta (emiliano.votta@polimi.it)

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i.e., from computed

Mukherjee et al.).

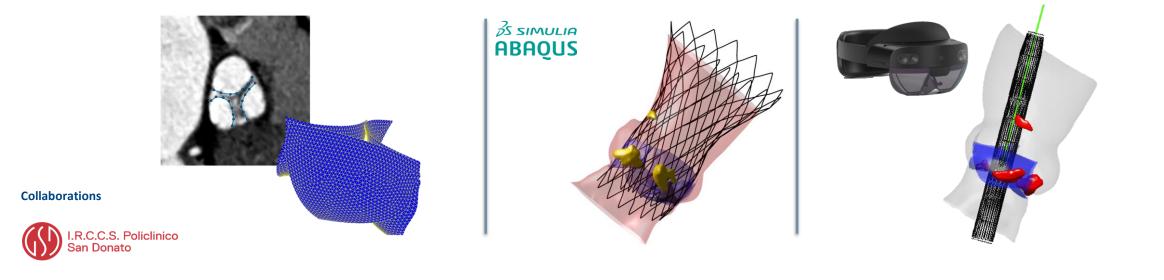




Time-efficient and user-friendly finite element modeling of TAVI for surgical planning



- ø
- 1. Designing and implementing the semi-automated segmentation of the native aortic valve from pre-op CT scanse
- 2. Exploiting a previously developed Finite Element workflow to test the approach on a virtual population of
- 3. Building a user-fiendly VR/AR application for the positioning and visualization of the stent inside the
- 4. Building a user-friendly GUI to use segmentation and modeling tools



Background:

Belpiede, Master Thesis. A semi-automatic workflow for TAVI pre-procedural planning through finite element modelling : a time-saving approach. 2023

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Patient-specific simulation of MV surgical repair based on 4D ultrasound imaging



Davide Tondi



Simulation of MV leaflet resection and non-rigid annuloplasty based on 4D ultrasound imaging

Activities

- Integrating pre-existing AI-based tools for automated MV segmentation into the workflow
- Automating the generation of the computational grid and of the image-based BCs
- Automated definition of patient-specific and heterogeneous tissue thickness patterns
- Modelling of MV leaflet tissue resection
- Modelling of non-rigid or incomplete MV annuloplasty
- Development of a GUI to manage the whole modelling process

Collaborations



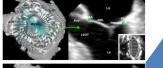
Background

- Verma et al. (New England Journal of Medicine, 2009)
- Aquilera et al. (Journal of Biomechanics, 2022) 2.
- Rego et al. (International Journal for Numerical Methods in Bioengineering) 3.

MV surgical repair **MV** anatomy Contacts Emiliano Votta Francesco Sturla

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reconstruction



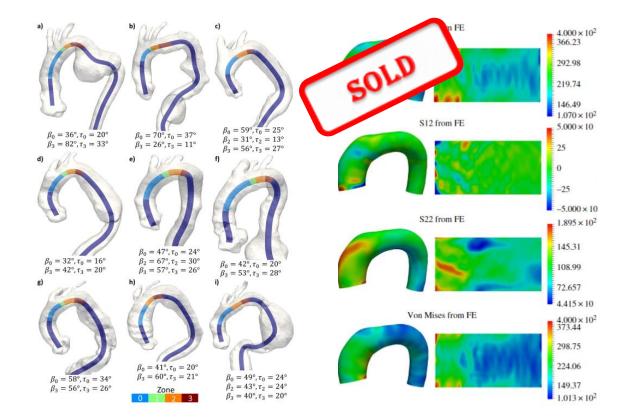




Large scale finite element analysis for the creation of a virtual population of thoracic aortas



- ø
- Developing a robust and automated FEA setup for simulating a large number (N>500) of patient-specific cases, including pre-stress and hyperelastic constitutive models.
- 2. Adapting and applying a previously developed geometric analysis pipeline to extract relevant morphological features of the thoracic aorta.
- 3. Testing statistical correlations between aortic geometry and stress/strain fields.



Contacts Simone Saitta Emiliano Votta Alberto Redaelli

Background:

1. Liang et al. (J of the Royal Society, 2018)

2. <u>Saitta et al.</u> (JDIM, 2022)

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Fluid dynamic analysis of the pulmonary artery in Tetralogy of Fallot patients through 4D Flow MRI

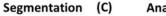


- ø
- 1. Designing and developing a MATLAB graphical user interface for the segmentation of the pulmonary artery
- Implement the computation of advanced hemodynamic parameters for the study of the pulmonary artery
- 3. Test the developed methods for the analysis on Tetralogy of Fallot patients and healthy controls

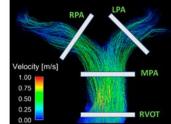


(A)

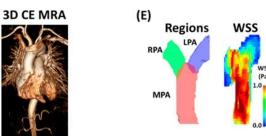
(D)



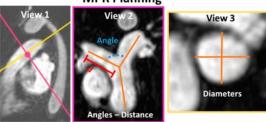


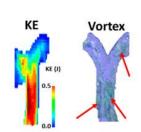






MPR Planning





Contacts Alessandra Riva

Collaborations



Background:

- 1. <u>Hong & Garcia</u> (Applied Sciences, 2022)
- 2. <u>Tsuchiya et al.</u> (Sci Rep, 2021)

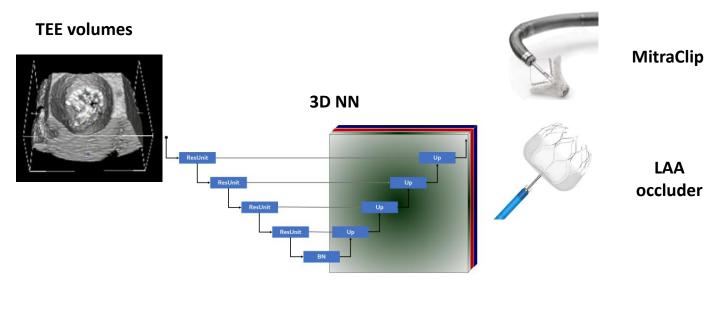
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Catheter Localisation Framework in Echocardiography Based on Deep Learning

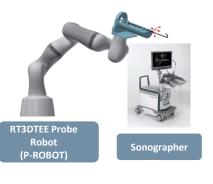


Primary aims

- Training and testing AI neural network for automatic localisation of catheter and percutaneous devices from 3D transesophageal echocardiography (3DTEE) image
- Clinical use-cases: percutaneous mitral valve repair with MitraClip, and percutaneous left atrial appendage (LAA) closure



 DL-based tracking method can be combined with external method, e.g Electromagnetic tracking, to offer a novel solution to identify the moving medical device and be used in robotic platforms



Background: Jia et al., (medRxiv, 2022) Contacts: Riccardo Munafò <u>(riccardo.munafo@polimi.it)</u>

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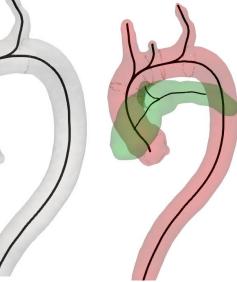
Large vessel 3D segmentation from non contrast enhanced MRI



Primary aims

- To train a neural network for 3D semantic segmentation of vascular structures from novel MRI sequences.
- To investigate transfer learning and image inpainting techniques leveraging models pre-trained on different imaging modalities.
- To implement a standalone image post-processing module that can be integrated within an existing software development framework.





Collaborations

SIEMENS Healthcare

Background:

Saitta S, et al. A deep learning-based and fully automated pipeline for thoracic aorta geometric analysis and planning for endovascular repair from computed tomography. Journal of Digital Imaging. 2022 Apr;35(2):226-39.

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Al-based characterization and reconstruction of coronary arteries from Intravascular Ultrasound (IVUS) images



Implementing a deep learning model for the segmentation of coronary arteries from IVUS images and co-register it to coronary centerlines for 3D reconstruction

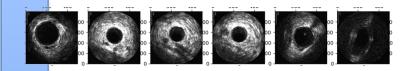
Activities

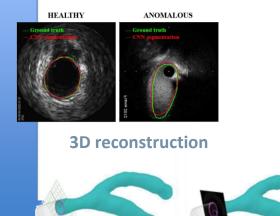
- Implementing and training a deep convolutional neural network (CNN) for the automated segmentation of coronary cross section
- Implement an automated algorithm for the co-registration of the segmented slices on coronary centerlines (extracted from computed tomography (CT))
- Test the implemented method's 3D reconstruction versus CT/angiography reconstruction
- Characterizing the reconstructed geometries based on coronary morphology (e.g. stenosis, anomalous congenital shaping...)

Collaborations



Background 1. Wu et al. (Scientific Reports, 2023) IVUS images acquisition





CNN reconstruction

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3D segmentation and morphological analysis of glioblastoma and cerebral vessels from MRI



Primary aims

- To train a neural network for 3D semantic segmentation of glioblastomas and cerebral vasculature from MR images.
- To extract complex radiomics features for classification and risk stratification.

Collaborations





Background:

Palumbo MC, et al. Mixed Reality and Deep Learning for External Ventricular Drainage Placement: A Fast and Automatic Workflow for Emergency Treatments. International Conference on Medical Image Computing and Computer-Assisted Intervention 2022

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Last but not least: policy

Starting your thesis

- No specific enrollment criterion (as, e.g., mean mark>27, mandatory background)
- 1 month test period once you pick a thesis project, we'll test you over a month. You'll be asked to complete tasks that will tell us about your capability to acquire and apply skills that are relevant to the project. In this period, somehow, you'll test us as well.
- Advice for Prof. Votta projects: although not mandatory, it could be a good idea to select a project when you have the time to start working on it or at least to work on the test period

During your thesis

- Build knowledge and competences (with our help)
- Become independent and become the expert of your project topic

Ending your thesis

- You decide when and how to tackle the final defense (we can advise you, but you have the last word)
- Start thesis review at least 1 month before the deadline for the thesis upload otherwise, your menthor cannot guarantee to provide you with a proper review in due time